



**Barcelona  
Supercomputing  
Center**

*Centro Nacional de Supercomputación*

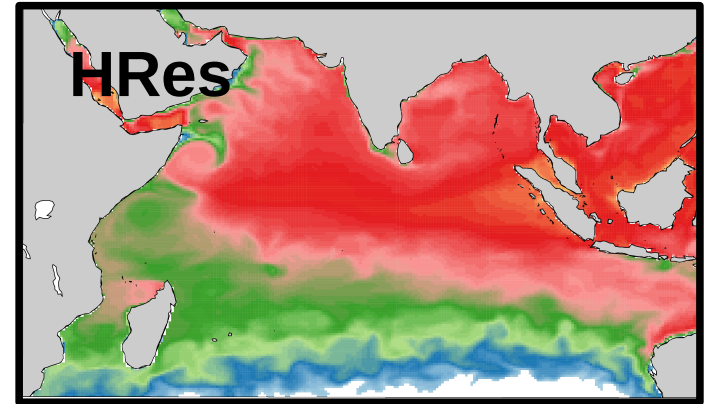
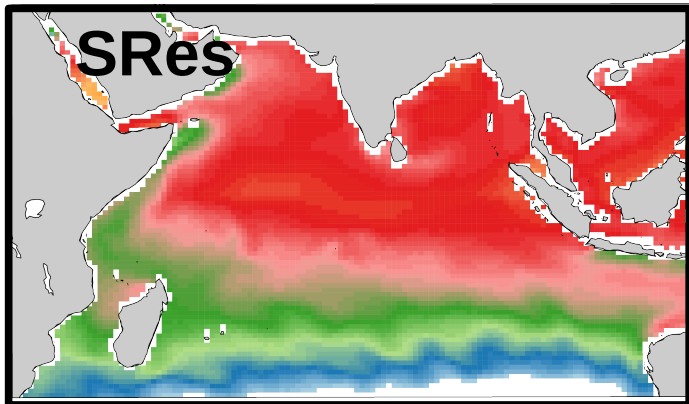
# Impact of resolution increase for seasonal forecast quality in EC-Earth

Chloé Prodhomme, F. Massonnet, L. Batté,  
O. Bellprat, V. Guemas, P. Davini,  
F. Doblas-Reyes



SPECS general assembly,  
Exeter, 3-4 October 2016

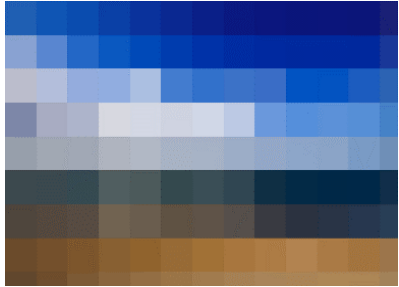
# Introduction



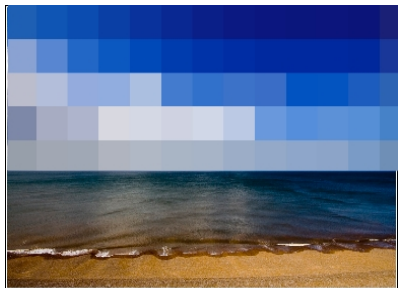
Reference	Shaffrey et al. 2009	Roberts et al. 2009	Scaife et al. 2014	Maclachlan et al. 2015	Branković and Gregory 2001	Jia et al 2015 Yang et al. 2015	Gent et al. 2010	Sakamoto et al. 2012	Delworth et al. 2012	Johnson et al. 2016	Zhu et al. 2015
Asian Monsoon					T159: (++) T319: (--)		(++)		(++)	(++)	
Cold Tongue	(++)	(++)					(==)	(++)	(==)		
ENSO	(++)			(==) skill		(++) skill		(++)	(++)		(==)
NAO			(++)	(++)							
Upwelling							(++)	(++)		(++)	

# Experimental design

SRes (T255/ORCA1)  
1° - 70km



IRes (T255/ORCA025)  
0.25° - 70km



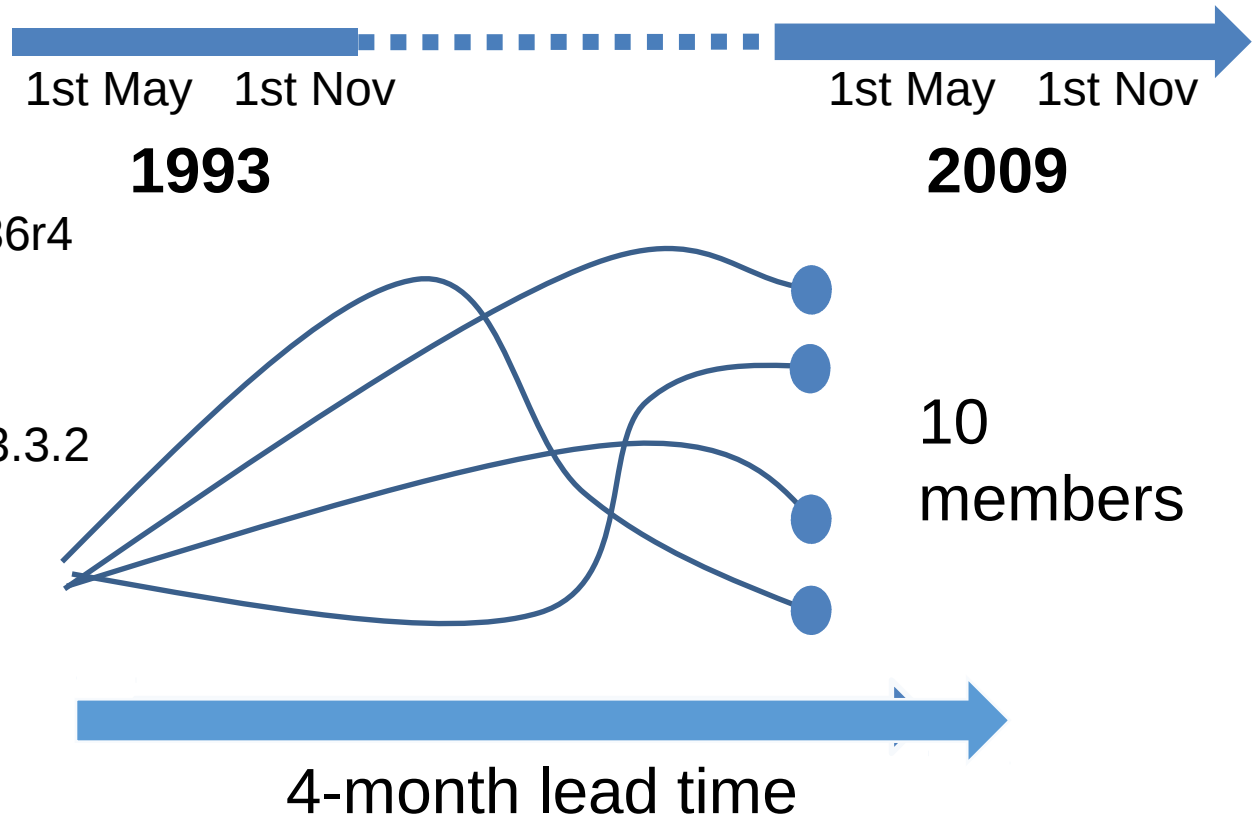
HRes (T511/ORCA025)  
0.25° - 40km



IFS cy36r4  
↕  
NEMO 3.3.2

Seasonal retrospective hindcasts  
performed with **EC-Earth 3.0.1**

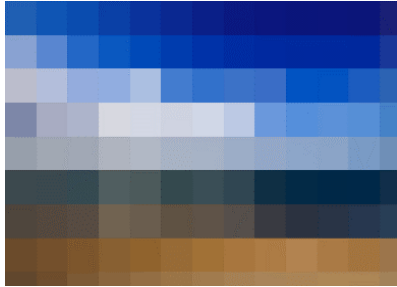
34 start dates: May and November  
every year between 1993 and 2009



# Numbers and reminder for fair comparison

SRes (T255/ORCA1)

1° - 70km

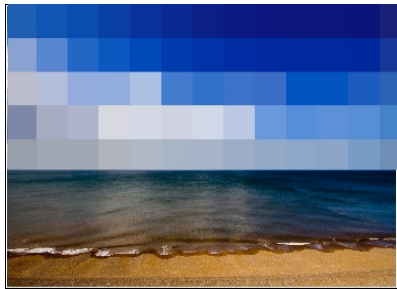


CPU/month/member: 75

x 6

IRes (T255/ORCA025)

0.25° - 70km



CPU/month/member: 493

x 4

HRes (T511/ORCA025)

0.25° - 40km



CPU/month/member: 2256

- The initialization product (GLORYS) is performed at high resolution so the IC have been interpolated.

- SRes had more tuning than IRes and HRes.

- Less tuning had been performed at these resolutions

- Only vertical interpolation for the IC.
- Eddy permitting
- Better coupling (thinner ML)
- Bathymetry

- Better orography...

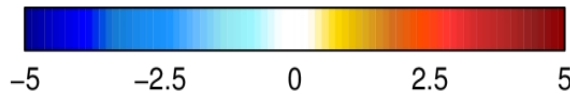
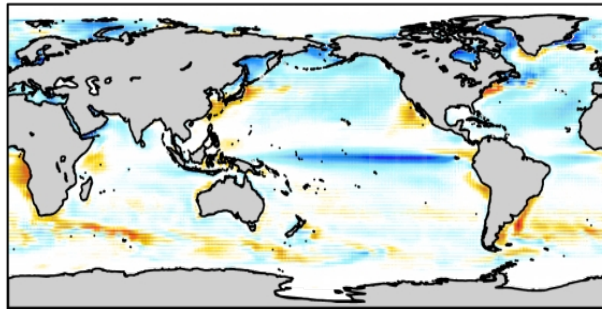


# Impact on the mean climate

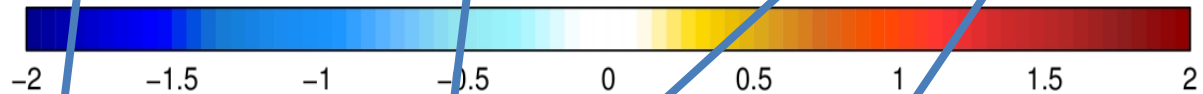
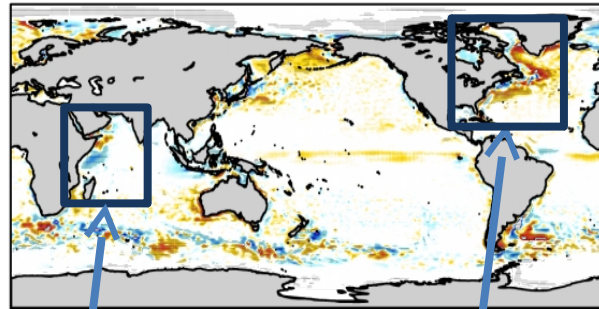
**May start dates:  
JJA (1 month forecast time)**

## SST

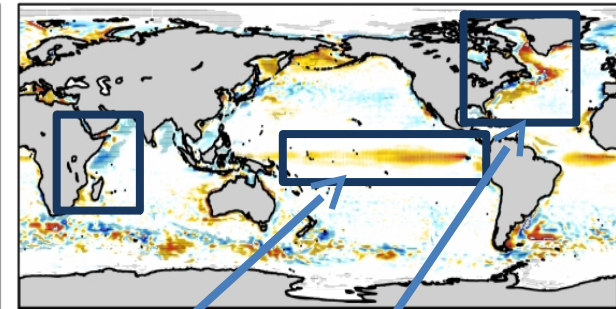
SRes - ERSST



IRes - SRes



HRes - SRes



Improvement of the Somalian Upwelling

Improvement  
of the cold  
tongue bias.

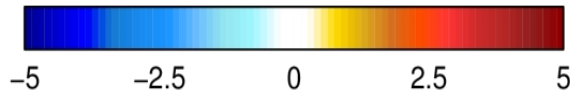
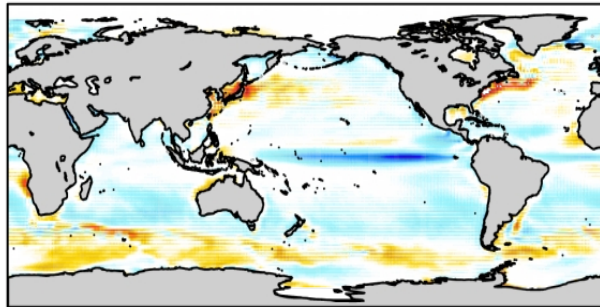
Reduction of the cold bias  
in the Northern  
Hemisphere

# Impact on the mean climate

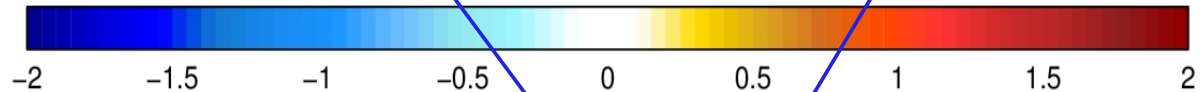
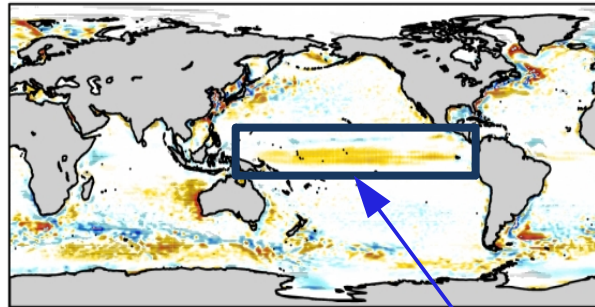
**November start dates:  
DJF (1 month forecast time)**

**SST**

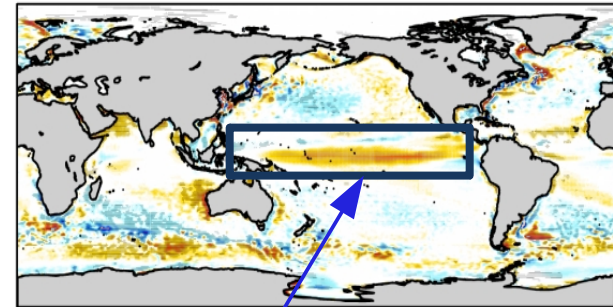
SRes - ERSST



IRes - SRes



HRes - SRes



Improvement of the cold tongue bias  
(stronger in HRes)

# Impact on the mean climate

**May start dates:**

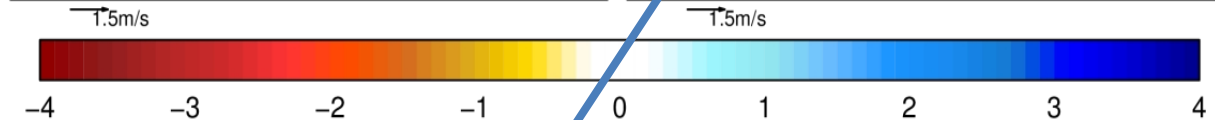
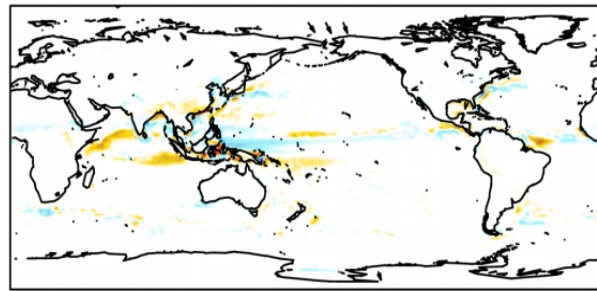
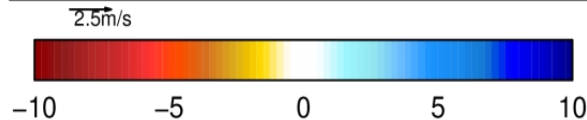
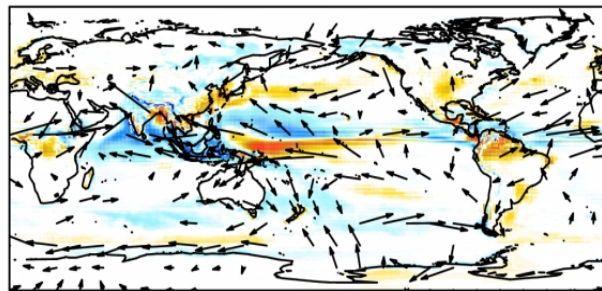
**JJA (1 month forecast time)**

## Precipitation – wind at 850hPa

SRes - ERSST

IRes - SRes

HRes - SRes



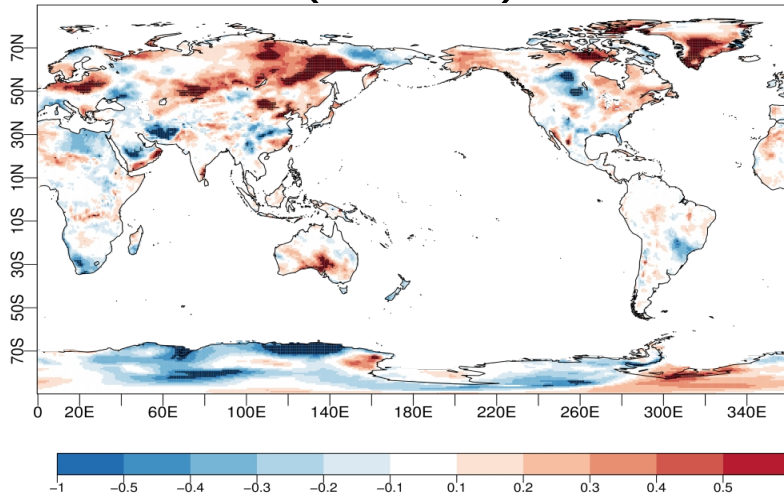
Change in the African and Indian monsoon:

- reduction of excessive oceanic precipitation in the Indian Ocean
- no improvement for land precipitation

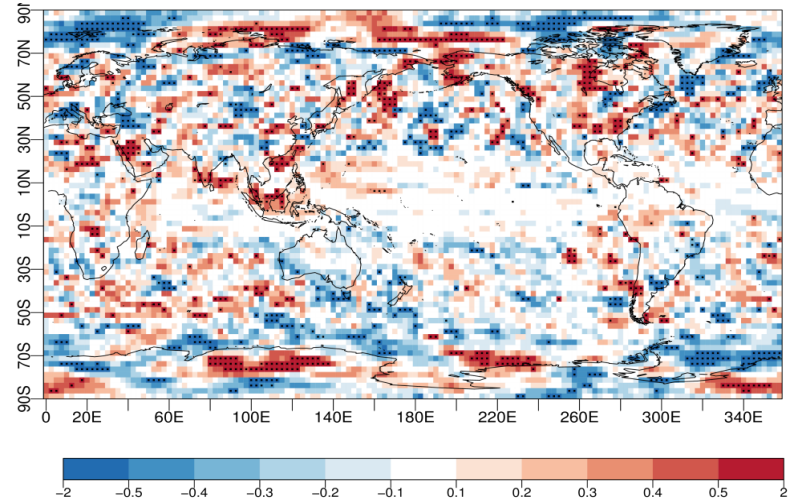
# Impact on skill: Correlation HRes-SRes

Forecast initialized in May (1 month forecast time)

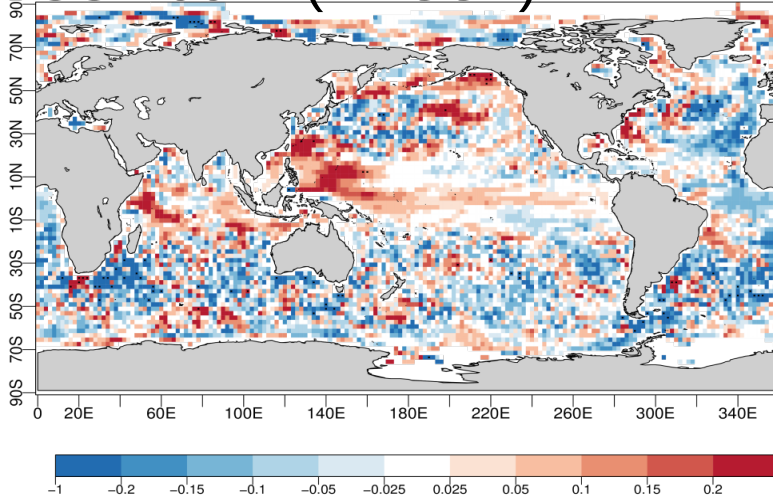
**T2m JJA (ERAint)**



**Precip JJA (GPCP)**



**SST JJA (ERSST)**

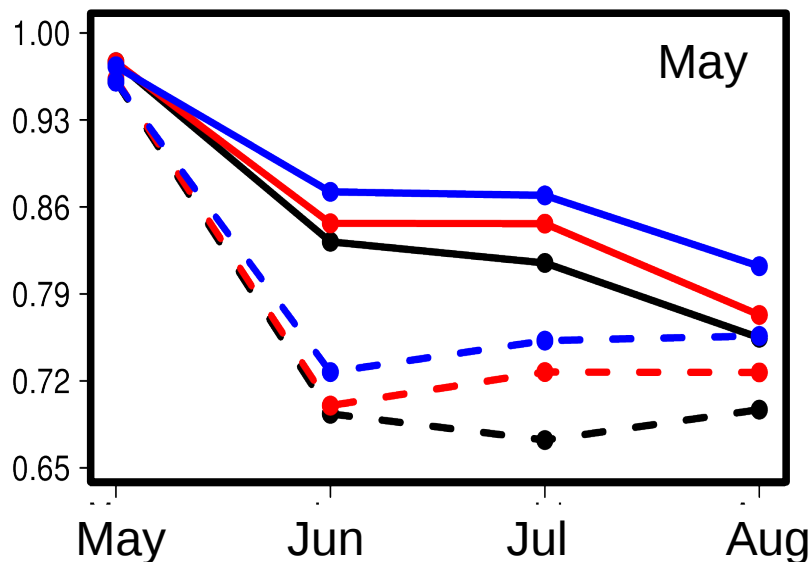


Skill changes are noisy and no improvement is detected at grid point level.  
Similar conclusion for winter.

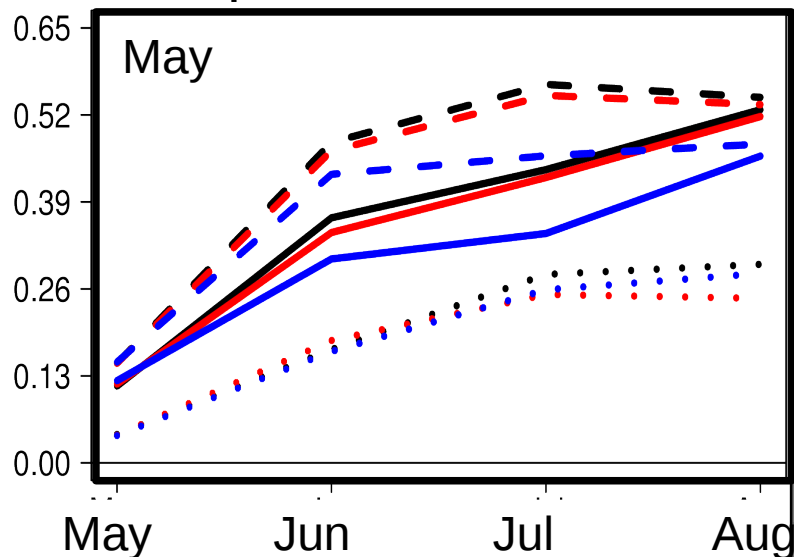


# Impact on skill: Niño 3.4

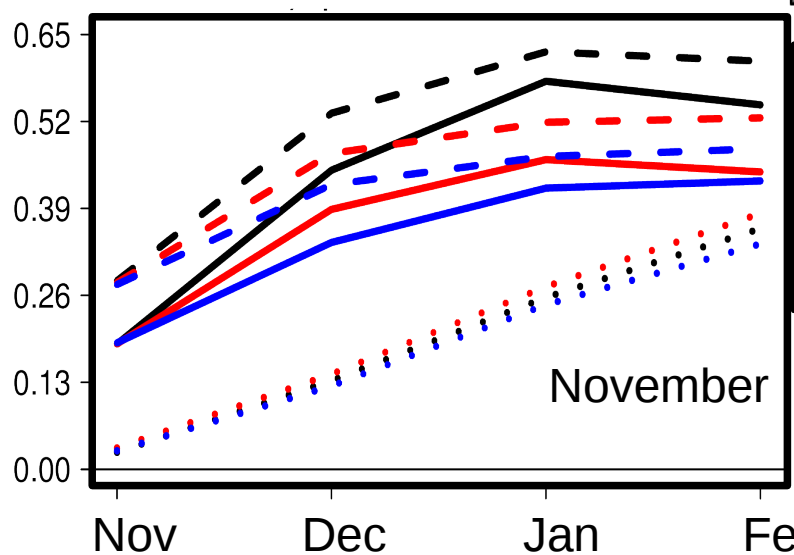
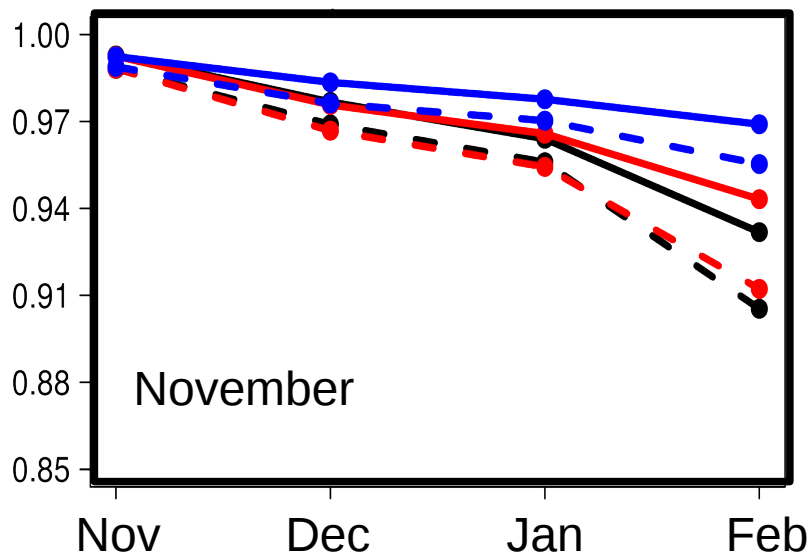
## Correlation



## Spread and RMSE



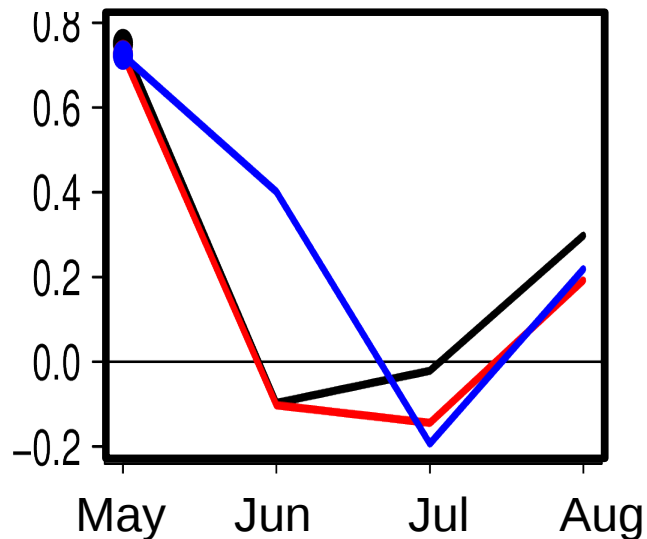
— SRes  
— IRes  
— HRes



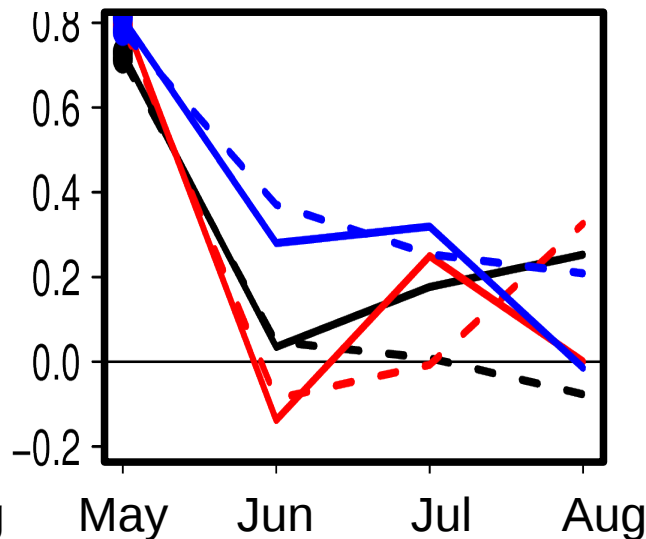
— ERAInt  
- - ERSST  
· · Spread

# Impact on skill: Indian Monsoon

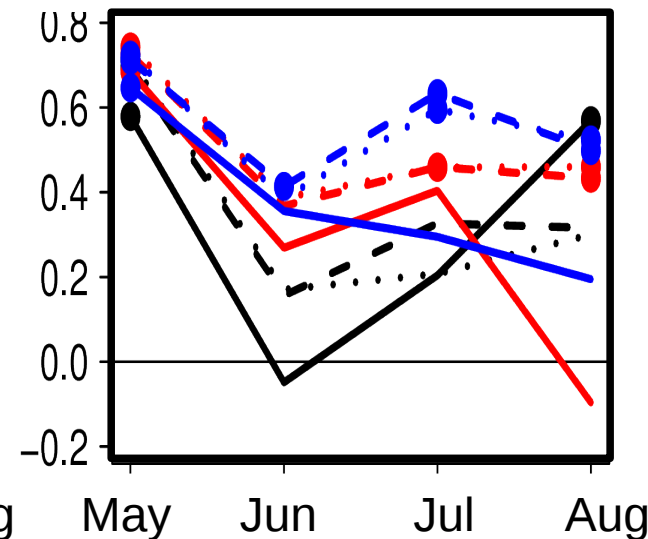
Correlation: IMDI



Correlation: EIMR



Correlation: ISMR



## Onset date Correlation:

SRes: 0.61

IRes: 0.69

HRes: 0.65

— SRes

— IRes

— HRes

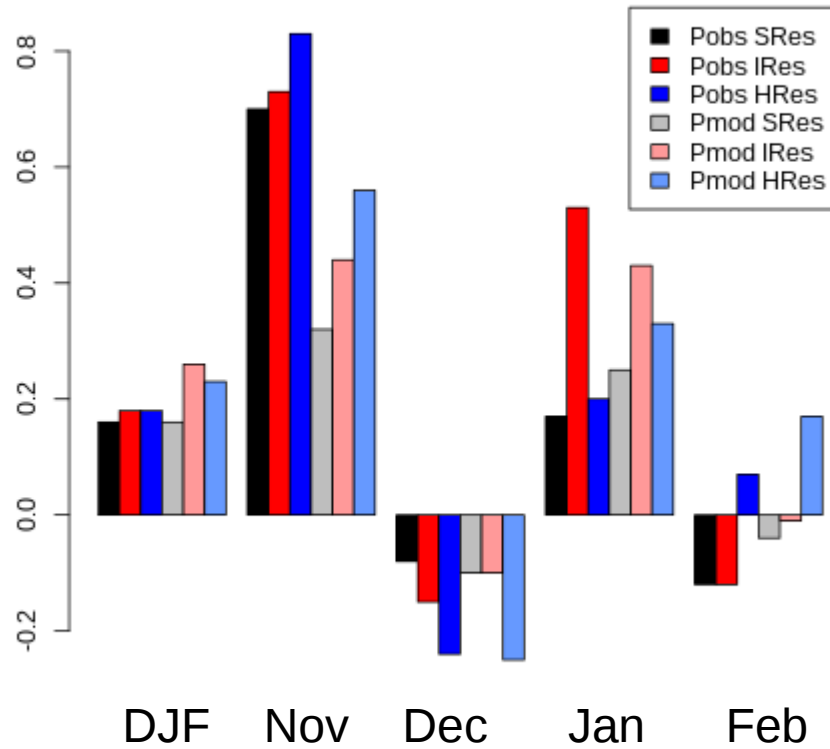
— ERA-Interim

--- GPCP

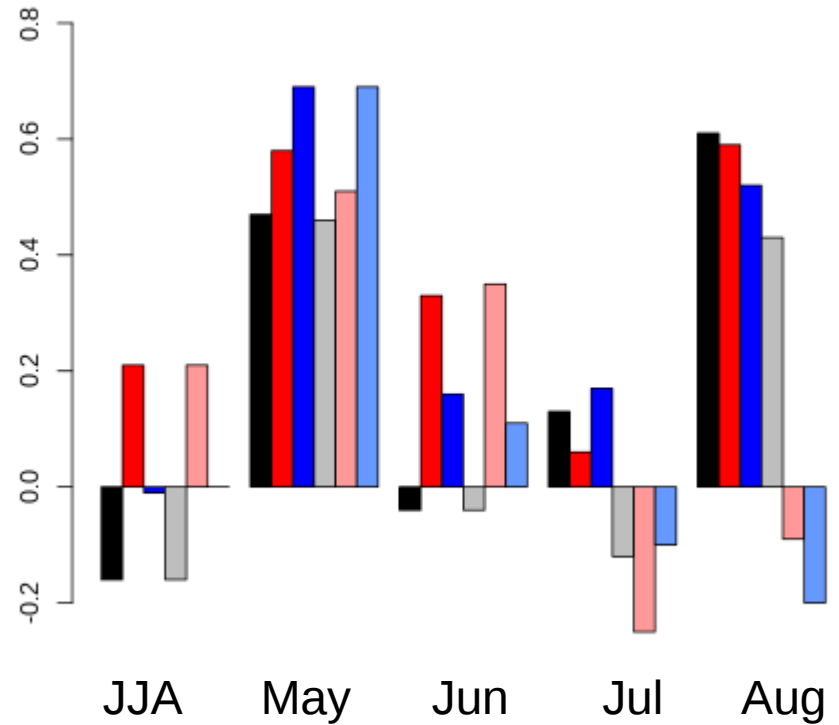
..... GPCC

# North Atlantic Oscillation

## November start dates



## May start dates



# Summary

- Increase of both oceanic and atmospheric resolution improves the representation of the mean state.

	SST	Land T2M	Precipitation	Land precip
May	<b>61.5%</b>	<b>57.6%</b>	<b>50.5%</b>	<b>59.5%</b>
November	<b>60.2%</b>	<b>60.7%</b>	<b>55.3%</b>	<b>60.2%</b>



# Summary

- Increase of both oceanic and atmospheric resolution improves the representation of the mean state.

	SST	Land T2M	Precipitation	Land precip
May	<b>61.5%</b>	<b>57.6%</b>	<b>50.5%</b>	<b>59.5%</b>
November	<b>60.2%</b>	<b>60.7%</b>	<b>55.3%</b>	<b>60.2%</b>

- Grid-point skill changes are sparse and noisy.

	SST	Land T2M	Precipitation	Land precip
May	<b>47.8%</b>	<b>53.7%</b>	<b>50.6%</b>	<b>50.3%</b>
November	<b>43.2%</b>	<b>48.3%</b>	<b>51.6%</b>	<b>55.4%</b>

- The skill of ENSO and of the early stages of the Indian monsoon is improved when the resolution is increased.
- Slight improvements of NAO, sea-ice, blocking (not shown here).

# Conclusions and open questions...

- **The increase of resolution does not lead to any spectacular improvements but to an addition of small improvements (more details available in the paper).**
- The numbers of start dates and members we are using is relatively small, is this enough to detect improvement in high latitude?
- Would an additional tuning and improvement of initial conditions lead to further improvements?
- This research line is extremely expensive in term of computing, an additional work on model performance and scalability is essential to pursue in this direction.

# And if you want to know more....

Paper accepted in **Journal of Climate**, with lot of additional results on sea ice and blocking...

*C. Prodhomme, L. Batté, F. Massonnet, F. Massonnet, P. Davini, O. Bellprat, V. Guemas, F. Doblas-Reyes.  
Benefits of resolution increase for seasonal forecast quality in EC-Earth. Journal of Climate. In Press.*

## ***Thanks for your attention!***

*Chloe.Prodhomme@bsc.es*



**Barcelona  
Supercomputing  
Center**

*Centro Nacional de Supercomputación*

Thank you!

[Chloe.prodhomme@bsc.es](mailto:Chloe.prodhomme@bsc.es)